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FACTORS THAT INFLUENCE OBEDIENCE TO ACCESS TO HEALTH FACILITIES IN THE OBRATO VILLAGE, IN SUCO SAU, ADMINISTRATIVE POST MANATUTO OF MU-NICIPALITY MANATUTO TIMOR-LESTE, 2023.

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Abstract

Introduction: According to the World Health Organization (WHO, 2017). The number of people using health services in India is 60.4 million people. In other parts of Asia, it was recorded in 38.4 million people who use health services still lack. In Timor-Leste, especially in the district of Manatuto the total OPD patient in the health units of Manatuto reached 79,333 people, children (0-5 years) suffering from malnutrition reached 113 babies, fertility 804, mortality 182 people. This means that most people do not have full access to health facilities in Manatuto.

Objective: To discover the factors that influence obedience to access to health facilities in Obrato Village, in Suco Sau, Manatuto Administrative Post of the Municipality of Manatuto.

Research Methodology: In this study the researchers used quantitative methods correlate and use the probability sampling technique with simple random sampling type and use questionnaire to collect data.

Results: The result was a bivariate analysis of 193 respondents living in Aldeia Obrato with bivariate analysis of knowledge with obedience (p value $0.000 < \alpha 0.05$), motivation with obedience (p value $0.000 < \alpha 0.05$), family support with obedience (p value $0.000 < \alpha 0.05$).

Conclusion: It is related to knowledge, motivation, family support and obedience to access to health facilities cited by (Tilman CB & Belo N., 2023).

Keywords: Obedience, knowledge, motivation, support and ease of health.

INTRODUCTION

The number of people usinghealth services in India bies, fertility 804, mortality 182 people. is 60.4 millionpeople. So much in China 98.5 mil- means that most people do not have full access to lion people using health service standards. While health facilities in Manatuto. Given the importance in other parts of Asia it was recorded in 38.4 mil- of knowing the various lion people using health services still lack it community obedience, the researcher wishes to (Bregida, Anwary, Anggraeni, 2021). The service conduct research on factors that influence the comcoverage index is constructed from sub-indices munity's compliance with access to health facilities representing the four categories of Reproductive, that is not only related to knowledge, but also in Maternal, Newborn and Child Health (MNCH), relation to the attitude, flexibilityand commitment Infectious disease, diseases, Non Communicable of the Governo cited by (Tilman CB & Belo N., Diseases (NCD) and capacity and access to ser- 2023). vices. Andthese sub-indices, together with the full -service coverage index, in modified Susteinable Research Objectives Development Goal (SDG) regions weighted by General Objective population size (World Health Organization, To discover the factors that influence the obedi-2017). The Universal Health Coverage (UHC) cov- ence to access to health facilities in Aldeia Obrato, (77) and the East Asia Region (77), while Sub- the Municipality of Manatuto Timor-Leste. Saharan Africa (42) and South Asia (53) have the lowest average values. The strongest gradient be- Specific Objectives: tween regions is for the service capacity and access • subindex; the average figure for sub-Saharan Africa is only 27 compared to 99 in East Asia. (WHO, • 2017: cited by Tilman CB & Belo N.,2023)

According to the report of the General Directorate of Statistics in Timor-Leste (DGETL, 2015), total population in Timor-Leste Nation are 1,183,643 people, and in the Municipality of Manatuto is THEORETICAL FRAMEWORK 42,742 people. The Administrative Post of Manat- Obedience comes: from the word "obedience" in ple, and Aldeia Obrato are 373 people. According "obedire" which means to hear against. The meanto the Statistics of the Municipality of Manatuto ing of obedience is to obey. Thus, obedience can give collaboration to the Ministry of Health in be interpreted as the fulfillment of orders or rules. 2019, the total OPD patient in the health units of (Andi, 2021). Obedience comes from the word Manatuto reached 79,333 people, children (0-5 obedient. According to Hartono, obedience is a

years) suffering from malnutrition reached 113 ba-This factors that influence

erage rate is highest in Europe and North America in Suco Sau, Administrative Post of Manatuto of

- The knowledge factor that influences obedience to access to health facilities.
- The motivation factor that influences obedience to access to health facilities.
- The factor that supports the family that influ-• ence the obedience for the access to the health facilities.

uto Vila has 14,392 people, Suco Sau is 3,890 peo- English. Obedience comes from the Latin word

change of attitude and behavior following another with integrity with all their efforts to achieve satisperson's request or order. It is said that someone faction. Motivation is something that is the main who obeys other people if that person can trust, ac- thing cept and do something at the request or order of (Muhammad Ricky, 2022); Family support is a another person. Based on Sarbaini's opinion that process of relationship between the family and its compliance is viewed from the perspective of peo- social environment that is accessible to the family ple, compliance means the individual's willingness that can support and provide assistance to family to comply with the law. Obedience is automatically members, the support provided by the family meaningful to comply with the rules, laws, regula- makes family members able to function with a varitions, and applied policy cited by (Andi, 2021; Til- ety of intelligence and reason, so as to improve the man CB & Belo N., 2023). According to RDTL health and adaptation of the family. (Novianty.R., Republic Journal (2016) Obedience to such orders 2021; cited by Tilman CB & Belo N., 2023); it is will be prompt and complete. In exceptional cases, an internal factor of ownership of each individual in which the execution of an order may give rise to in society. This factor will play an important role in inconvenience or prejudice, the subordinate, being influencing the intensity of obedience when you are present the superior and not being in the act of in a weak situation and the choices are ambiguous graduation or alignment, may, having obtained the or doubtful and contain many things. The factors precise authorization, respectfully address to him that depend on where the individual grew up and the reflections he deems appropriate; but, if the su- the role of the education received by the person reperior insists on the execution of the orders he has sponsible for the training. given, the subordinate will promptly obey, however, it has the right to complain to the competent au- Health facilities are general establishments refers to thority in the manner prescribed by Articles 51 and facilities or infrastructure facilities that manifested 52 of those rules.

Obedience is divided into three forms of behavior, taining and improving health. The functioning of a namely: Conformity, that society changes its atti- harmonious and structured health system, which tude and behavior according to the way it does that enables the realization of the right to health protecaction appropriate and acceptable to social de- tion, as a fundamental right of all citizens, implies mands; Compliance, or sej a, people do something the combination of efforts and activities of the pubabout the request of another person whose authority lic and private sector in the area of health, the is recognized; and Obedience, that is, people do the recognition of the private sector as a complemenbehavior above someone else's orders. Someone tary partner provided that it is properly regulated has complied with other people's request to per- and supervised, and the establishment of the guideform certain behaviors because there are 1 potency lines of the national health service that, effectively, elements. Factors that influence compliance in- provides adequate health care according to (MdSclude: Motivation is the provision of driving force TL, 2004). Some factors that can be cause access to that creates enthusiasm for someone's work so that health facility, the other factor that influence access they are able to work together, work effectively and to health facility is demographic characteristics as

that encourages someone to work.

in the form of services provided by local governments and the private sector with the aim of main-

in most countries, the demographic census is the **RESULTS OF DISCUSSION** source of data on the characteristics of the most Table 1. Distribution of the frequency of subject used population. Demographic data is needed to characteristics based on age in Village Obrato of calculate various health indicators. Among all col- Administrative Post in Manatuto Village of Municlected in the national censusare: a) Total population ipality Manatuto Timor-Leste. by sex, age and ethnic group, b) Population growth, c) Proportion of urban and rural population, d) Razão of dependence. In addition, demographic censuses are secondary sources of data when they are used as the denominator of several health indi-2023).

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

It uses quantitative method with descriptive cross- study. sectional approximation and probability sampling Table 2. Distribution the frequency of characteristic technique (Probability Sampling), with the type subject based on sex. simple random sampling (Simple Random Sampling) with sample is 193 respondents. We use collect with the questionnaire, the technicaldata analysis are univariate analysis to explain or describe the characteristics of each research variable (gender, Based on table 2 above it shows that the total male age, marital status, level of education). Generally respondents are 97 people with 50.26% and female objective of univariate analysis to obtain result of is 96 with 49.74%. distribution the frequency and percentage of each can be concluded that the majority of respondents variable and bivariate analysis to perform between is male is 97 people with 50.26% and minority of two variables that are thought to be related or corre- respondents is female 96 people with 49.74%, aclated. Statistical test use Spearman Rank a=0.05, cording to the survey result, 2023. (0.05) means there is a relationship and how much ents' knowledge. p>a means there is no relation. In this study, it conducts data entry using the computer program SPSS (Statistical Package for the Social Sciences) of version 23.

Ages	Frequency (n)	(%)
10-25	63	32.64
26-45	83	43.01 Ads
46 to 80	47	24.35
Total	193	100

cators (rates, proportions, ratios) such as mortality Based on table 1 above it shows that the total rerate, incidence and prevalence of diseases, acci- spondents with age group 10-25 years is 63 people dents and violence, prevalence of risk factors and with 32.64%, age group 26-45 years is 83 people sequelae of accidents and violence the proportion with 43.01% and last age group 46-8 0 years is 47 of hospital beds per population under study. people with 24.35%. From the above results it can (PAHO, 2019; cited by Tilman CB & Belo N., be concluded that the majority respondents are the age group 26-45 years is 83 people with 43.01% and minority of respondents is the age group 46-80 years is 47 people with 24.35% in the research

Sex	Frequency (n)	(%)
Male	97	50.26
Female	96	49.74
Total	193	100

From the above results it

the significant level with 5% with rules like p< a Table 3. Frequency distribution based on respond-

Knowledge	Frequency (n)	(%)
Good	41	21.66
Sufficiente	121	64.2
No good	31	15.96
Total	193	100

respondents with good knowledge is 41 people with family support is 131 people with 67.58% and mi-21.66%, sufficient knowledge is 121 people with nority of respondents is bad family support is 11 62.04%, bad knowledge is 31 people with 15.96%. people with 11.42%, on the basis of the 2023 study. From the above results it can be concluded that the majority respondents are sufficient knowledge is Table 6. Frequency distribution based on obedi-121 people with 62.04% and minority of respond- ence's in the study. ents is bad knowledge is 31 people with 15.96% according to the research result, 2023.

Table 4. Frequency distribution based on respondent motivation.

Motivates	Frequency (n)	(%)
Good	51	26.2
Enough	116	60.4
No good	26	13.38
Total	193	100

respondents with good motivation is 51 people with 2023. 26.2%, sufficient motivation is 116 people with 60.4%, bad motivation is 26 people with 13.38%. Table 7. Test result correlation between knowledge From the above results it can be concluded that the and obedience. majority has sufficient motivation is 116 people with 60.4% and minority of respondents is the bad

motivation is 26 people with 13.38% according to the survey result, 2023.

Table 5. Frequency distribution based on support from the study family.

Frequency (n)	(%)
40	21.08
131	67.58^{th}
11	11.42 nd
193	100
	40

Based on table 5 above shows that the total re- the value 0.000 and less than 0.005 It means that Ha spondents with good family support is 40 people accepted has a significant relationship between with 21.08%, sufficient family support is 131 peo- knowledge and obedience to access to health faciliple with 67.58%, bad family support is 11 people ties. with 11.42%. From the above results it can be con-

Based on table 3 above it shows that the total of cluded that the majority respondents are enough

Obedi- ence's	Frequency (n)	(%)
Positive	89	46.24
Negative	104	53.76
Total	193	100

Based on table 6 above the total respondents with positive is 89 people with 46.24%, negative is 104 people with 53.76%. From the above results it can be concluded that the majority respondents have negative obedience is 104 people with 53.76% and minority of respondents is the positive is 89 people Basing with table 4.4 above shows that the total of with 46.24%, in the base of study conducted in

Correlation		Knowledge	Obedience
	Pearson Correlation	1	.605**
Knowledge	Sig. (2-tailed)		.000
	Ν	193	193
	Pearson Correlation	.605**	1
Obedience	Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	
	Ν	193	193

Based on table 7, it is shown that knowledge is related to obedience to access to health facilities, with the result statistical analysis: Pearson Correlation coefficient, with strong category, with r = 0.605, with its significant value p value 0.000. shows that

und obedience.			
Correlation		Motivation	Obedience
	Pearson Correlation	1	.442**
Motivation	Sig. (2-tailed)		.000
	Ν	193	193
	Pearson Correlation	.442**	1
Obedience	Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	
	Ν	193	193

Table 8. Test result correlation between motivation **CONCLUSION** and obedience Knowledge

r value = 0.442, with its significant value p value 15.96%, based on the study conducted. 0.000. shows that the value 0.000 and less than 0.005 It means that Ha accepted has a significant Based on table 3, it is shown that knowledge is reaccess to health facilities.

port and obedience.

Correlation		Support from the family	Obedi- ence
Support from	Pearson Correlation Sig. (2-tailed)	1	.573 ^{**} .000
thefamily	N	193	193
	Pearson Correlation	.573**	1
Obedience	Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	
	Ν	193	193

related to obedience to access to health facilities, ronment and trust. with the result statistical analysis: Pearson Correlation coefficient, with strong category, partially with Motivation r = 0.573 with its significant value p value 0.000. Based on the result of research that researchers surshows that the value 0.000 and less than 0.005 It veyed with 193 samples in the Obrato Village, in means that Ha accepted has a significant relation- Suco Sau, Administrative Post of Manatuto of the ship between support to the family and obedience Municipality of Manatuto shows that test result reato access to health facilities; quoted by (Tilman CB bility motivation is 0.785 means reability because & Belo N., 2023).

Based on the research result that researchers are researchingr with 193 samples in the Obrato Village, in Suco Sau, Manatuto Administrative Post of the Municipality of Manatuto Timor-Leste, it is shown that the result test reability of knowledge is 0.769 meaning that the reability have value Alpha Cronbach count greater than 0.60 limitation alpha Based on table 4.8, it is shown that motivation is cronbach. Based on the table above it is shown that related to obedience to access to health facilities, the majority of respondents have sufficient with the result statistical analysis: Pearson Correla- knowledge is 121 people with 62.04% and minority tion coefficient, with strong category, partially with of respondents is bad knowledge is 31 people with

relationship between motivation and obedience to lated to obedience to access to health facilities, with the result statistical analysis: Pearson Correlation coefficient, with strong category, with r value = Table 9. Test result correlation between family sup- 0.605, with its significant value p value 0.000. shows that the value 0.000 is less than 0.005; It means that Ha accepted has a significant relationship between knowledge and obedience to access to health facilities. Based on the table above shows the beta value of knowledge is 0.363 can be said that this variable has a positive relationship with obedience to access to health facilities, so it is shown that the variable knowledge has a relationship 36.3% and remains 63.7% is related to other

Based on table 9, it is shown that family support is variables that do not research is personality, envi-

value Alpha Cronbach count more than 0.60 limita-

shown that the majority respondents have sufficient means that Ha accepted has a significant relationmotivation is 116 people with 60.4% and minority ship between family support and obedience to acof respondents is bad motivation is 26 people with cess to health facilities. Based on the table above 13.38%. Based on the table above, it is shown that shows the beta value of family support is 0.415 can motivation is related to obedience to access to be said that this variable has a positive relationship health facilities, with the result: statistical analysis, with obedience to access to health facilities, so it is Pearson Correlation coefficient, with strong catego- shown the variable family support has a relationry, partially with r = 0.442 with its significant value ship 41.5% and remains 58.5% is related to other p value: 0.000. shows that the value 0.000 and less variables that do not research is personality, envithan 0.005, means that Ha accepted has a signifi- ronment and trust cited by (Tilman CB & Belo N., cant relationship between motivation and obedi- 2023). ence to access to health facilities. Based on table 4.6 shows the beta value of motivation is 0.129 can **Obedience** be said that this variable has a positive relationship Based on the result of researchthat researchers surwith obedience to access to health facilities, so it is veyed with 193 samples in the Obrato Village, in shown the variable motivation has a relationship Suco Sau, Administrative Post of Manatuto of the bles that do not research is personality, environ- of test reability of obedience is 0.774 means reabilment and trust according to the research result cited ity because value Alpha Cronbach count more than by (Tilman CB & Belo N., 2023).

Family Support

researchingwith 193 samples in the Obrato Village, with 46.24% Based on the table above shows that in Suco Sau, Manatuto Administrative Post of the the correlation value R 0.870 this means has rela-Municipality of Manatuto it is shown that the result tionship between variable knowledge, motivation test reability family support is 0.773 means reabil- and family support for obedience to access to ity because Alpha Cronbach value count greater health facilities that with very strong category. And than 0.60 Alpha Cronbach limitation. Based on the R Square value 0.756 shows that the factor table above it is shown that the majority respond- knowledge, motivation and support to the family ents have enough family support is 131 people with with value 75.6% and remains 24.4% is related to 67.58% and minority of respondents is bad family other variables that do not research is personality, support is 11 people with 11.42%. Based on the environment and confidence. In the end, it is relattable above, it is shown that family support is relat- ed to knowledge, motivation, family support with ed to obedience to access to health facilities, with obedience to access to health facilities cited by the result: statistical analysis: Pearson Correlation (Tilman CB & Belo N., 2023). coefficient, with strong category, partially with r =0.573 with a significant value p value of 0.000.

tion alpha cronbach. Based on the table above it is shows that the value 0.000 and less than 0.005,

12.9% and remains 87.1% is related to other varia- Municipality of Manatuto it is shown that the result 0.60 limitation alpha cronbach. Based on the table above shows that the majority of respondents have negative obedience is 104 people with 53.76% and Based on the research result that the researchersare minority of respondents is positive is 89 people

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